



Examples of when you will need a location compliance certificate

CLASSIFICATION	SUBSTANCE/TRADE NAME EXAMPLES	LOCATION COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE REQUIRED
2.1.1A	LPG	More than 100kg
3.1A	Petrol	Open or closed containers: more than 50L
3.1B	Acetone, methylated spirits	More than 50L in open containers
		More than 100L in closed containers (over 5L)
		More than 250L in closed containers (under 5L)
3.1C	Kerosene, mineral turpentine	More than 250L in open containers
		More than 500L in closed containers (over 5L)
		More than 1,500L in closed containers (under 5L)
3.1D	Diesel	Not required
6.1A	Paraquat, Gramoxone, Counter 20G, Quickphos	More than 50L or kg
6.1B	Agpro Metamitron, Dicarzol 500, Methafos 600, Cannon, Mesurol SC	More than 250L or kg
6.1C	Diazinon	More than 1000L or kg
8.2A	Concentrated sodium hydroxide (caustic soda)	More than 50L or kg
8.2B	Acetic acid >80% in solution, Hydrogen chloride gas, Hydrogen Peroxide 20-60% aqueous solution, Potassium hydroxide (potash)	More than 250L or kg

The best way to find out if you need a location compliance certificate is:

- 1. Use your Safety Data Sheets to check the classifications of your substances.
- 2. Create an inventory with the $\underline{\text{Hazardous Substances Calculator}}$, making sure you include the anticipated maximum quantity you will store.
- 3. Use 'Controls Report' to check the need for a location compliance certificate.